

# Global risk assessment and mitigation strategies

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CitizEE

Scaling up Public Energy Efficiency Investments via Standardising Citizen Financing Schemes

www.CitizEE.eu



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## 1 TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	TABLE	E OF CONTENTS	2
		NICAL REFERENCES	
4	ACKNO	OWLEDGEMENTS	4
5	DISCLA	AIMER	4
6	DESCR	RIPTION OF THE DELIVERABLE	5
7	SCOPE	E OF THE RISK MITIGATION ASSESSMENT	5
8	PILOT	PROJECT RISK MITIGATION ASSESSMENT	5
8	8.1	VIPA PILOT PROJECT	5
8	8.2		
8	8.3	REGEA PILOT PROJECT	
8	8.4	GOPARITY PILOT PROJECT	



### 2 TECHNICAL REFERENCES

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PU = Public

PP = Restricted to other programme participants (including the Commission Services)

RE = Restricted to a group specified by the consortium (including the Commission Services)

CO = Confidential, only for members of the consortium (including the Commission Services)

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#### 6 DESCRIPTION OF THE DELIVERABLE

The Global Risk Assessment report (outcome of task 4.3) provides a first update on the risk mitigation assessment of the CFs4EE Financing Scheme in each pilot country/region. It will be updated in early 2022.

#### 7 SCOPE OF THE RISK MITIGATION ASSESSMENT

The Risk mitigation assessment focuses on the CFs4EE Financing Scheme as a "project" for which risk mitigation measures should be required in view to ensure the full completion of the objectives of the project: financing energy efficiency projects. The risk analysis therefore concentrates on the processes and activities related to the key following aspects:

- The CFs4EE Financing Scheme development and provisions, meaning all processes and activities required to set-up and operate the scheme. This includes the design of the scheme, the contractualisation and agreements between the scheme stakeholders and the implementation of the scheme.
- The CFs4EE Financing Scheme operations, meaning all processes and activities required to finance energy efficiency projects from identification to completion.
- The CFs4EE Financing Scheme governance and coordination, meaning all processes and activities to ensure a proper governance and coordination of the CFs4EE Financing Scheme stakeholders (e.g. Program authority, co-investors, program or project delivery unit, fund manager, financial intermediary, etc.)

It is understood that the risk mitigation strategy does not focus at this stage on the energy efficiency projects and/or final recipients risks related. This will have to be performed by the scheme management entity when it will be operational.

The main steps of the risk mitigation strategy are listed below:

- Risk identification: comprises listing the different risks and dependencies associated with the implementation and operation of the CFs4EE Financing Scheme, i.e. any uncertain event or condition the realisation or occurrence of which may have a negative impact on the scheme, such as time, cost, scope or quality;
- Risk assessment: the systematic and regular evaluation of the probability and potential impact of the identified risk occurring. Lessons learnt could facilitate the estimation of the probability as well as the impact of the risks. This step is essential to raise awareness among all stakeholders of the possible risks;
- Risk response: the definition of the appropriate required response to the risk. This could be a preventive action to avoid risk occurrence or a corrective action to reduce its impact. Three main types of risks responses can be considered:
  - Avoidance (change the initial plan);
  - Mitigation (reduce the probability or impact);
  - Acceptance (no change to the initial plans).
- Risk monitoring and control: comprises tracking and reviewing identified risks and associated risk response, and identifying and assessing new ones. This is an ongoing process with the review of the Deliverable all along the CitizEE project.

#### 8 PILOT PROJECT RISK MITIGATION ASSESSMENT

#### 8.1 VIPA pilot project

Risk	Impact	Priority	Mitigation actions	Contingency
				action



(	CFs4EE Financing Sche	eme developn	nent and provisions	
RISK R001: National	CFs4EE Financing	HIGH	Regular meetings with	There is no
Promotional Institution	Scheme will not be		Ministry of Finance. VIPA	alternative
needs to get approval from	implemented		prepared Exante assessment,	solution
shareholder to implement			which includes market	
new project			funding gap analysis	
			regarding boosting prosumer	
			market	
RISK R002: Legal acts barriers	To provide loans	MODERATE	Meetings with the Bank of	Alternative
	for prosumers		Lithuania and P2P operators,	solutions for the
	(individuals)		suggestions for the	implementation
	investment		amendment of the Law on	agreed with the
	platform must		consumer credit	Bank of
	cooperate with			Lithuania
	peer-to-peer			
	lending platforms,			
	because these legal			
	entities are			
	licensed to fund			
	natural persons.			
	However, the			
	Lithuanian Law on			
	consumer credits			
	did not allow legal			
	entities			
	(investment			
	platform) to invest			
	or cooperate in one			
	or other form with			
	peer – to peer			
	platforms till			
	December 2020.			
	The limitation of			
	500 per one			
	prosumer in above			
	mentioned Law still			
	remains			
RISK R003: Pricing	The final price to	MODERATE	In order to decrease final	Search of
	prosumers will be		return rate, it is possible to	additional
	too high which		enlarge VIPA loan part up to	institutional
	depends on		80 percent	investors
	individual investors			
	required rate			
	return			
RISK R004: Channeling	The product	MODERATE	Active P2P operator	Additional
	channeling will not		communication and	dissemination
	reach the target		dissemination campaign	actions,
	groups (prosumers)			campaigns,
				events
	CFs4EE Finan	cing Scheme	operations	



RISK R005: Non eligible costs	P2P operator will	MODERATE	Clear procedures	Refinancing of
	not ensure that			the loan
	funding will be			
	dedicated for EE			
	projects (will be			
	disbursed to the			
	general consumer			
	needs)			
RISK R007: Bankruptcy of P2P	Bankruptcy of P2P	LOW	P2P operators are obliged by	New P2P
operator	operator may		the Law to have business	operator will be
	disrupt financial		continuity plan	selected
	operations and			
	accounting			
C	<b>CFs4EE Financing Sche</b>	me governan	ce and coordination	
RISK R006: Investment	Investment	MODERATE	Change of financing structure	Funding will be
strategy	strategy approved		and sources	provided
	by investors will not			directly from
	be in line with			VIPA
	citizen financing			



Figure 1: VIPA Risk matrix

#### 8.2 VEB pilot project

Risk	Impact	Priority	Mitigation actions	Contingency action
CFs4EE Financing Scheme development and provisions				



RISK R001: The Flemish Government does not approve the Climate funding source (Vlaamse Klimaatfonds - VKF) into the investment platform for EPC deep retrofit funding channel towards Schoolinfrastructure	CFs4EE Financing scheme will not be implemented	LOW	Meetings with key stakeholders (Flemish Cabinet of Energy, Flemish administration Energy and Climate) which are involved to specify the conditions in allocating the financial means in accordance with the terms of the grant agreement.	Finding another grant program which could contribute to the investment platform
networks (central body) does not agree to co-finance in the EPC deep retrofit invest platform (25% of the grant budget) in order to receive climate funding (VKF) for their sector	CFs4EE Financing scheme will not be implemented	MODERATE	Meetings with key stakeholders (GO! and AGIOn) which are (mainly) responsible for infrastructure budget for schoolinfrastructure, to let them understand the benefits to leverage the resources through this innovative investment model. Parallel, VEB started negations with the care sector to present them the deep retrofit EPC model	Finding another sector to pilot the investment scheme (i.e. care sector)
RISK R003: On beside of the VKF grants (35% of the project Capex) and the ESCO (rescoop) investment, extra infrastructure budget of the school will be needed in order to reach an ambitious retrofitting project including the building envelope. In the classic renovation financing model, without leverage of the resources by the ESCO and VKF-grants, the school can receive more funding for implementing building envelope measures via infrastructure dotation than via the VKF investment platform.	If the OEPC funding model relies on VKF grants and ESCO- financing, without receiving the common resources (infrastructure dotation of the central school body), the schools will doubt to integrate building envelope measures into the OEPC- model deep retrofit model - which is necessary to reach the climate ambitions.	HIGH	Meetings with the Flemish department of finance and the central bodies of the educational sector (GO! and AGIOn) in order to discuss to possibility of combining the grants in order to reach the same subsidy rate for building envelop measures as in the common resources (infrastructure dotation model)	There is no alternate solution
	CFs4EE Finan			
RISK R004: Combining ESCO and Rescoop financing on project level and possible impact on their individual business model and the need of risk sharing	In order to combine ESCO and RESCOOP financing in the project, Rescoops (citizen financing through renewable energy cooperatives) will	MODERATE	Meetings with BELESCO and Rescoop Vlaanderen in order to discuss the (potential) impact on their business model, based on 3 pilot cases comparing an integrated project ESCO   RESCOOP or stand-alone projects	There is no alternate solution besides working with a crowdfunding model instead of using the RESCOOP-model

	be asked to operate the PV- installations in an ESC-model, integrated in the ESCO-model			for citizen financing.
C	Fs4EE Financing Sche	me governan	ce and coordination	
RISK R005: ESCO contract duration for 20 years or more related to bankruptcy of the ESCO and possibly problems to refinance ESCO's through a forfaiting scheme	In order to realise resources leverage, a contract duration of 20 years is needed instead of the 10-15 years contract duration which is accepted on the Belgian market right now.	MODERATE	Meetings with the financial sector (private banks) in order to see if a first loss guarantee is needed or not.	Support scheme for ESCO's via Equity

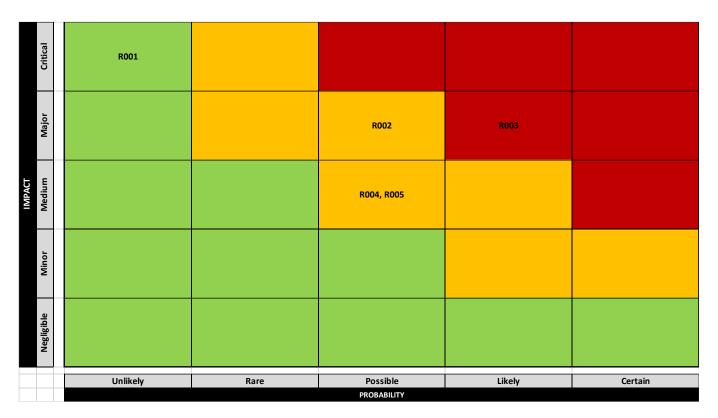


Figure 2: VEB Risk matrix

#### 8.3 REGEA pilot project

Risk	Impact	Priority	Mitigation actions	Contingency action		
CFs4EE Financing Scheme development and provisions						



	1			1		
RISK ROO1: National	CFs4EE	HIGH	Meetings with key stakeholders	There is no alternate		
Promotional Institution	Financing		and possible investors/sponsors	solution		
needs to get approval	Scheme will not		of the financing scheme (HBOR,			
from shareholder to	be		HEP, commercial banks)			
implement new project	implemented					
RISK R002: Lack of market	CFs4EE	HIGH	Preparation of large pipeline of	There is no alternate		
gap for PV project	Financing		PV projects in Croatia (through	solution		
financing. Based on	Scheme will not		ELENA PVMax project).			
discussions with potential	be		However, the results will not be			
investors/sponsor and	implemented		visible within the framework of			
potential clients			the CitizEE project			
(investors in PV projects						
which would use the						
financing scheme), there						
is a rather limited scope						
for the investment						
scheme operation in						
Croatia						
CFs4EE Financing Scheme operations						
RISK R003: Non eligible	P2P operator	MODERATE	Clear procedures	Refinancing of the		
costs	will not ensure			loan		
	that funding will					
	be dedicated for					
	EE projects (will					
	be disbursed to					
	the general					
	consumer					
	needs)					
RISK R005: Bankruptcy of	Investment	LOW	Change of financing structure	There is no alternate		
P2P operator	strategy		and sources	solution		
	approved by					
	investors will					
	not be in line					
	with citizen					
	financing					
	CFs4EE Financing Scheme governance and coordination					
RISK R004: Investment	Bankruptcy of	MODERATE	P2P operators are obliged by	New P2P operator will		
	Dankiuptcy Of			-		
strategy	P2P operator		the Law to have business	be selected		
strategy	P2P operator			be selected		
strategy			the Law to have business continuity plan	be selected		
strategy	P2P operator may disrupt			be selected		





Figure 3: Regea Risk matrix

### 8.4 GOPARITY pilot project

Risk	Impact	Priority	Mitigation actions	Contingency action				
CFs4EE Financing Scheme development and provisions								
Risk R001: Investment Platform transition from EFSI to InvestEU not occurring in the timing and conditions expected.	CFs4EE Financing Scheme will not be implemented with the initial intended framework	MODERATE	Investment platform framework adapted to the actual circumstances	Work exclusively on model adapted to actual circumstances				
Risk R002: Limitation on access to detailed information of the pipeline of public projects from ADENE due to public contracting/competition regulation.	Less interest from potential partners on the investment side	MODERATE	Agreement with ADENE with expectations clearly defined	Besides public projects, intention to bring onboard a relevant component of private projects with less restrains on the information/competition side				
CFs4EE Financing Scheme operations								
Risk R003: Pricing conditions	Mismatch between accepted pricing on beneficiary side and	MODERATE	Potential for structuring the operation with different yields for crowdlending investors and institutional investors.	Search for additional institutional investors				



	minimum							
	searched yield							
	on investor							
	side							
Risk R004: Lack of investor commitment for longer term loans	Relevant component of the pipeline not finding interested investors, especially on the crowdlending side	MODERATE	Agreement with BLUECROW with expectations/commitments clearly defined	Search for additional institutional investors				
CFs4EE Financing Scheme governance and coordination								
Risk R005: Ongoing coordination	P2P operator will not ensure that funding will be dedicated for EE projects (will be disbursed to the general consumer needs)	MODERATE	Roles for the main partners (ADENE/GOPARITY/BLUECROW) clearly defined upfront	GoParity always with a lead role on the coordination				

Critical					
Major		R005	R003, R004		
IMPACT Medium				R002	
Minor					R001
Negligible					
	Unlikely	Rare	Possible PROBABILITY	Likely	Certain

Figure 4: GoParity Risk matrix

